REMARKS

FORMAL MATTERS:

Claims 41-65 are pending after entry of the amendments set forth herein.

Claims 1-40 were canceled without prejudice.

Claims 41, 53, 54, 56-58 and 65 are amended,

All of these amendments are believed to place the application in better form for appeal, not create new issues or require further searching on the part of the Examiner. Accordingly, the entries are believed to be proper under 37 C.F.R. §1.116 and their entry is respectfully requested.

The amendments to claim 41 are made in order to clarify language previously included in the claim and clearly indicate that the suspension of cells is a suspension of individual separate cells. This is shown in the Examples such as in Example 1 bridging pages 21 and 22 of the specification.

Claim 53 is amended so that a multiple dependent claim is not dependent on another multiple dependent claim.

The amendment to claim 54 is made in response to a specific objection raised by the Examiner. The claim indicates that the cells are cultured in the presence of a culture medium as supported by the Examples.

Claim 56 is also amended in response to a specific objection to indicate that the cells are growing in a culture medium as shown in the Examples.

Claim 57 is amended to refer to the RPMs as being 1500 as supported in the specification at page 22. line 4.

Claim 58 is amended to correct a formal error and provide a proper antecedent basis for the term "growth factor" and is supported in the specification in the Examples such as on page 21, in the second to final line.

Claim 65 is also amended in response to a specific objection. The cells are cultured in the culture medium as supported in the Examples and the amendment reflects such. The cells are grown to 60-80% confluency as supported in the specification at page 21, line 21.

No new matter is added.

REJECTIONS UNDER §112, ¶1

Claims 57 and 65 were objected under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph. The objection was specifically made with respect to number amounts included within the claims which the Examiner did not find within the specification. Both claims have been amended to include specific number amounts found in the specification. The comments above point out within the specification support for those number amounts. Accordingly, the rejections are believed to have been overcome.

REJECTIONS UNDER §112, ¶2

Claims 54-65 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph as being indefinite. In response to the specific objections each of the claims have been amended. Support for the amendment in the Examples has been pointed out. In view of such the rejections are believed to have been overcome.

REJECTIONS UNDER §102

Claims 41-50 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102 as anticipated by U.S. Patent 6,602,711 to Thomson. The rejection is traversed as applied and as it might be applied to the presently pending claims

The Thomson patent discloses colonies of cells which form clumps. Specifically, reference is made to col. 3. lines 62-65 which read as follows:

One allows colonies to from champs over a period of hours. ES cell colonies can then be removed from the tissue culture plate using physical or chemical methods that keep the ES cells in champs.

Within amended claim 41 applicants claim obtaining a suspension of "individual separate hESCs and subjecting the suspended individual cells to centrifugation." Thomson et al. teach towards trying to keep the cells together in clumps and as such do not anticipate the claimed invention within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §102. In view of such reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

REJECTIONS UNDER §103(A)

Claims 41 and 50-53 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as unpatentable over Thomson et al. and Kaufman. The rejection is traversed as applied and as it might be applied to presently pending claims.

Neither Thomson et al. or Kaufman et al. teach the basic step of obtaining a suspension of individual separate hESCs and subjecting the suspended individual cells to centrifugation. Thus, even if the Thomson et al. reference is combined with Kaufman there is no teaching of this basic step.

The primary reference to Thomson et al. teaches a method of producing primate embryoid bodies from colonies of primate embryonic stem cells adhered to a substrate. The adhered colonies are removed in "clumps" via chemical or mechanical means. The clumps are then incubated under non-attachment conditions to facilitate the formation of embryoid bodies. This procedure is clearly different conceptually from applicants' invention which requires obtaining a suspension of individual separate cells and then subjecting that suspension to centrifugation.

Thomson et al. make it clear that the adhered colonies are carefully removed from the substrate so as to retain embryoid bodies in clumps (see col. 3, lines 62-65). Further, Thomson et al. make it clear that they are trying to keep all of the cells together in clumps as taught within Thomson et al. at col. 4, lines 9-10. Thus, in order to carry out the teachings of Thomson et al. the aggregates of cells is essential to the method being taught. The rejection which is based on a deviation from this destroys the invention being taught by Thomson et al. and as such does not support a rejection of the claims under 35 U.S.C. §102 or §103.

Unlike Thomson et al. or Kaufman et al. the present invention is directed to a method whereby a suspension of individualized hESCs is subjected to centrifugation to form an aggregate of hESCs. This method is described within Example 1 on pages 21 and 22 of the specification as pointed out below:

"hESCs grown on mouse food cells were pussaged the day before the procedure and were used in the experiments at approximately 60-80% confluency. To ensure identification of the approximate mubber of cells that would be present in the created aggregated bodies, the starting hESC cells were harvested, suspended in serum-free media, and the concentration of the cells determined as described below...differentiation medium base (without growth factors...was added to each flask, and the hESCs distudged from the flask by physically shaking the flask. The cells were then collected into a centrifuge tube and the cells spin at 1500 rpin, for 2 minutes at 4°C. The cells were gently resuspended in 3.5 ml of the differentiation medium base (without growth factors), and a cell count performed."

"A sample of the resuspended hESCs was used to determine the approximate concentration of the hESCs in the resuspension solution."

In accordance with applicants' invention one skilled in the art will recognize that to allow a cell count to be performed hESCs must be resuspended as individualized cells in the differentiation medium base. This is because any aggregates will interfere with the cell count. This is completely different from what is being taught in the primary reference to Thomson et al. which requires the clumps of cells.

In the present application as page 22, lines 11-22 there is an indication that following the cell count, the total volume of hESC suspension is adjusted to a level so as to provide a desired hESC concentration. One skilled in the art would readily understand that a desired hESC concentration cannot be achieved if the hESCs are present in aggregates. In other words, obtaining a desired hESC concentration of the population of the cells can only be obtained if the population of cells is prepared as a suspension of individualized cells. The limitation of the pending claims is not only not disclosed within the cited references but actually contrary to what is taught by Thomson et al. which requires only aggregates of ESCs (in the form of embryoid bodies) be subjected to centrifugation.

In view of the above and the claim amendments reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

Applicant submits that all of the claims are in condition for allowance, which action is requested. If the Examiner finds that a telephone conference would expedite the prosecution of this application, please telephone the undersigned at the number provided.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any underpayment of fees associated with this communication, including any necessary fees for extensions of time, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-0815, order number DVCC-009.

By:

Respectfully submitted, BOZICEVIC, FIELD & FRANCIS LLP

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